

The Dreadful GUILT of
BRIBERY,
Seconded by
PERJURY:

In a Serious ADDRESS to the CONSCIENCES
of all Persons who have VOTES in
Counties, Cities, Corporations, and Bur-
roughs; and of all RETURNING OFFICERS,
at the ensuing ELECTIONS of MEMBERS
to serve in PARLIAMENT.

*In whose Hands is Mischief; and their Right-
hand is full of Bribes. Psal. xxvi. 10.*

*Fire shall consume the Tabernacles of Bribery.
Job xv. 34.*

*Thou shalt not take the Name of the Lord thy God
in vain: For the Lord will not hold him guilt-
less that taketh his Name in vain. Exod. xx. 7.*

*The Law is for Liars, and for perjured Persons.
1 Tim. i. 9, 10.*

*What is a Man profited, if he shall gain the whole
World, and lose his own Soul? Matth. xvi. 26.*

L O N D O N:

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those Gentlemen who give them away.

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TO THE HONORABLE SECRETARY OF THE ARMY
WASHINGTON, D. C.
SIR:
I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 10th inst. in relation to the above subject.
The same has been forwarded to the proper authorities for their consideration.
Very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
J. H. [Signature]

1. The first group of people who are interested in the study of the history of the United States are the people who are interested in the history of the United States. This group of people is interested in the history of the United States because they want to know more about the United States. They want to know more about the United States because they want to know more about the United States.

1940

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO

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1. The first part of the document is a list of names and titles, including "The Hon. Mr. Justice" and "The Hon. Mr. Justice".



A N
A D D R E S S
T O T H E
V O T E R S, and RETURNING-OFFICERS at the ensuing **E L E C T I O N S, &c.**

Dear Friends, Countrymen, Fellow-Englishmen, and Fellow-Christians,



I cannot be imagined, that any considering Person should, even as to *Temporal* Regards, be careless and unconcerned about the Issue of the ensuing Elections: When the very Being of our Constitution probably depends upon them; and the Question seems to be, Whether we shall, or shall not, be any more a free People.

But *That* is, the least of my Design in This my Address to you. 'Tis your *Souls*, more than your Liberties and Properties, which I am now persuading you to take care of. If you like such Representatives, as will govern you by Standing Armies, and perhaps make Themselves a perpetual Standing Parliament; load you with insupportable Taxes; destroy your Trade; harraßs you with fresh Excises upon Excises; in short, enslave, beggar,

and undo you; by all Means chuse such Men to *be* your Representatives. But do not chuse them, I intreat you do not, upon the Foot of *Bribery* and *Perjury*; because That is making yourselves miserable in the *next* World, for making yourselves miserable in *this*: Which is too much in all Reason.

It will be said, I know, that I am writing only to serve a *Party*. I am, I confess, if to be a *Christian* is to be of a *Party*; or if *all your Souls* are a *Party*. And indeed, considering the monstrous Growth of Infidelity, and all Manner of Wickedness, I could wish, that, before we chuse *Parliament-Men*, we might come to a *fair Poll* for, and against, the *Christian Religion*: I hope it is not yet so bad with us, but that We Believers have a reasonable Prospect of *carrying it* for *Jesus Christ* by a very great Majority. Suppose me to be a Whig, or a Tory, (if you must keep up That senseless Distinction, 'till you are *quite* ruined by it) suppose me to be a Layman, or a Clergyman, a Churchman, or a Dissenter; I apply to you under no Name, or Character, but That of a *Christian*: Only observing once for all, that in That Character I include Morality, and heathen Honesty, with the Addition of something more. Which I mention; because our modern Heathens, Apostates from Christianity, are such Heathens, as the
antient

antient ones, the old moral Pagans, who never were Christians, would, if they were now living, disown and abhor. But This by the Way, at present; tho' a little more of it perhaps hereafter.

Whatever Party I am of; will a Man of any Party tell you, it is fit and reasonable, that you should incur *Damnation* by *serving* him in his *Election*? I desire that no Man of the Party I am of (whatever it be) may be served by such Means; that is, by *Bribery* and *Perjury*; that is, again, by the Ruin of *his* Soul, who gives him, or rather sells him, his Vote. And This brings me to the Point in which I am directly engaged.

By a late Act of Parliament, to prevent *Bribery* and *Corruption* in These Elections, every *Voter* takes an *Oath*, that he has not received any *Gift*, *Place*, or *Promise*, *directly* or *indirectly*, for his *Vote*; and every *Returning Officer* takes an *Oath*, that he has received none for making any *Return*. That such Oaths must be taken, is well known to the whole Kingdom. Certainly then, *there's an End of Bribery* in These Elections: Which-ever Side prevails, the Court Party, or the Country Party, it cannot be by the Influence of *That*. For who can bribe, when no body is bribed? And beyond all Question, *no body* is bribed, when every
body

body swears he is *not*. This, one would think, should be very obvious, and rational Arguing: And yet, we are told, it is given out, by certain Persons, with great Confidence, and made Matter of no small Boasting, that *Bribery* will be as operative at these *next* Elections, as ever it has been at *any*; and that the whole Point will be carried by it. Sure I don't understand you, I should be apt to say to One who should talk in this fashion. Can these *corrupt Methods* be as successful, now there is an *Oath* to prevent them, as they were *before* there was any such Thing? Nay, can they be successful *at all*? or in *one* single Instance? Yes, there are so many People to be *governed by Money*, especially in the *little Burroughs*: Those Burroughs, all the World knows, are perfectly venal, and set to Sale at every Election.— Ay, but the *Oath*, say I; you take no Notice of *That*; and *That's* the main Thing of all. There was *formerly* too much Truth in what you tell me: *Then*, indeed, People took Money for their Voices; especially in the *Burroughs* you mention; and *That*, God knows, was bad enough: However, tho' they were *bribed*, they were not *forsworn*; because there was no *Oath* in the Case. But will they do so *now* too, when there is an *Oath*? Will any Man, in any one of those

those *Burroughs*, or any where else, be *bribed* for his *Vote*; when he *cannot vote*, without *swearing* that he is *not* bribed? *Returns* have been *formerly* made under the same *corrupt Influence*, when there was *no Oath*; but is not the Case altered *now*? Will any *Officer* make his *Return* an Act of the *blackest Perjury*?--Well, Sir, notwithstanding all your *Interrogatories*, and *Exclamations*, the *Oath* will signify nothing, or next to nothing: *WE* shall do our *Business*, for all *that*: Some few, perhaps, may be bug-bear'd by it; but, in the main, *Elections* will go as *we* would have them: *We* shall have a *great* Majority, or at least *a* Majority; and That's enough for our Purpose—— And is it so then indeed? Vicious and debauched as the Age is, I would fain have a better Opinion of my Country than This comes to; nay, 'till I see plain Fact to convince me of the Contrary, I will, and must, hope and believe better. Those who raise such Reports, throw a Scandal upon their Countrymen, which ought to be resented by them with the utmost Indignation. The *English* Nation was always looked upon as a *serious, thinking, and religious* People. Its *Genius*, I confess, has been *pretty much altered*, within these Twenty Years, or thereabouts. But I hope we are not come
to

to *This* yet. What! Are we no longer Christians? No longer *Englishmen*? No longer Men? Why, a moral Heathen, (a moral one, did I say? a very immoral one, unless abandoned to the most profligate Impudence) would be startled at the bare Mention of such an Abomination. By the Way, if there are so many among the *Common People* who will thus *perjure themselves*; pray, what are we to think of Those their *Superiors*, who *make* them do it? Are they not *guilty* of the *Perjury*, tho' they do not *swear*? As He who *gives a Bribe*, is no less guilty than He who *takes* it; so He who *makes* another Man *forsworn* is no less guilty than He who *is* forsworn.—Come, all *This* signifies nothing; the Thing will be done.—It may be so: And if it be; I have nothing to reply, but, *Hear, O Heavens, and give Ear, O Earth**—— and to add, in the Words of another noble Prophet: *Shall not God visit for these Things? And shall not his Soul be avenged on such a Nation as This? †*

By an Act of Parliament, made in the 2d Year of his present Majesty K. George II. Intituled, *An Act for the more effectual preventing Bribery and Corruption, in the Elections of Members to serve in Parliament* :

‘ Every

* Isaiah i. 2.

† Jer. v. 29.

‘ Every Free-holder, Citizen, Freeman;
 ‘ Burgefs, or Person having, or claiming
 ‘ to have, Right to vote, or be polled at
 ‘ ſuch Election, ſhall, before he is admitted
 ‘ to poll at the ſame Election, take the
 ‘ following Oath : That is to ſay,

‘ **I** *A. B.* do ſwear (or, being one of the
 ‘ People called *Quakers*, I *A. B.* do
 ‘ ſolemnly affirm) I have not received or
 ‘ had, by Myſelf, or any Perſon whatſo-
 ‘ ever, in Truſt for me, or for my Uſe
 ‘ and Benefit, directly, or indirectly, any
 ‘ Sum or Sums of Money, Office, Place, or
 ‘ Employment, Gift, or Reward, or any
 ‘ Promise, or Security, for any Money,
 ‘ Office, Employment, or Gift, in order
 ‘ to give my Vote at this Election ; and
 ‘ that I have not before been polled at this
 ‘ Election.

‘ And that every Sheriff, Mayor, Bay-
 ‘ liſſ, Headborough, or other Perſon, being
 ‘ the Returning Officer, ſhall, immediately
 ‘ after the Reading the Writ or Precept for
 ‘ the Election of ſuch Member, take, and
 ‘ ſubſcribe the following Oath :

‘ **I** *A. B.* do ſolemnly ſwear, that I have
 ‘ not directly, nor indirectly, received
 ‘ any Sum or Sums of Money, Office,
 ‘ B Place,

‘ Place, or Employment, Gratuity, or Re-
 ‘ ward, or any Bond, Bill, or Note, or
 ‘ any Promise, or Gratuity whatsoever,
 ‘ either by Myself, or any other Person, to
 ‘ my Use, or Benefit, or Advantage, for
 ‘ making any Return at the present Elec-
 ‘ tion of Members to serve in Parliament;
 ‘ and that I will return such Person or
 ‘ Persons, as shall, to the best of my
 ‘ Judgment, appear to me to have the
 ‘ Majority of legal Votes.”

Now can any *Voter* come up to the *Book*,
 to take the above-recited Oath, with a
Bribe from One of the Candidates *in his*
Pocket? Or *having received* a Bribe, *where-*
ever it is lodged? Or having the *Promise*
 of one, or any Thing like it, by *Himself*,
 or *Another, directly, or indirectly*? Can he,
 I say, *come up* to the *Book*, and *lay his*
Hand upon it; and will he not *tremble*, and
turn pale? Will not his *Blood run cold* in
 his Veins? Will not *the Joints of his Loins*
be loosed, and his *Knees smite against one*
another *, as *Belshazzar's* did at the Sight
 of the *Hand-Writing upon the Wall*? For
 This Man, when he sees That *Hand-Writing*,
 the *Oath*, spread before him, sees his *De-*
struction, as he by his Wickedness has made
 it, no less than *Belshazzar* did His. Then
 he comes to repeat the Words, “ I A. B.

* Dan. v. 6.

“ do

“ *do swear, &c.* ” Swear *what*? Why, That I have *not* done, what I *know* I have done; that is, I *call* God, in the most *solemn* and *sacred* Manner, to *witness* the *Lye* which I am just now going to utter. Will not the *Tongue* of such a Man *cleave to the Roof of his Mouth*? Will he not shudder at the Apprehension of being struck dead upon the Spot? Or of having the *Tongue*, which speaks the Perjury, swell in his Head; or the *Hand*, which touches the *Book*, rot off? Nothing of That Nature indeed is like to happen. God does not owe a wicked People so much Favour, as to terrify them into their Duty by immediate and extraordinary Judgments. *If they believe not Moses and the Prophets, Christ, and his Apostles; neither will they be persuaded, tho’ one rose from the Dead**; or were sent thither by Fire from Heaven. Present, sudden, *temporal Death* will probably be inflicted upon few, or none, as a Punishment of the *Perjury*; but let all, who have the least Inclination to be guilty of it, tremble at the Thoughts of *eternal Death*, which is infinitely worse. Then what shall we say of the *forsworn Wretch*, when he comes to *seal his Damnation* by *kissing the divine Gospels*; as the *Arch-Traytor* did *his* by *kissing the divine Author* of them? Let it be here observ’d, in passing, that *Judas*, who

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betrayed

* Luke xvi. 31.

betrayed his Saviour, was himself betrayed into That Treachery by being BRIBED.

Some may perhaps flatter themselves, that the Oath will be taken in a *Hurry*, and a *Crowd*; so many Hands will be upon the *Book* at once; the Court will be so thronged, that no body will discern their guilty Faces; and the *Words* (for Dispatch) repeated so fast, that few will hear them; nay, it will be easy for many to *avoid speaking the Words* at all; or to avoid *touching the Book*, or *kissing the Book*; and so all is safe, because they have not *really taken* the Oath. Some will come *half drunk*; Others, it may be, *quite so*: And then again they will drink to *wash down the Oath*; as I am told Some have profanely expressed themselves upon another Occasion. But is This a *Lessening of the Guilt*? Is it not a *high and inflaming Aggravation* of it? I will not put so great an Affront upon the *common Sense*, much less the *good Sense*, of my Countrymen and Fellow-Christians, as to answer this Talk by a formal Confutation. I only observe, as to one or two Parts of it, that if *Men* cannot discern your *Faces*, *God* discerns your *Hearts*. And for Those who flatter themselves, that they do not *really take* the Oath, because they do not *speak the Words*, *touch*, or *kiss the Book*, and the like; This is so *infamous a Prevarication*, both with God and

and Man, that it is (if possible) even worse Perjury, than what they allow to be so. They come to swear; they are by Every body thought to swear; they desire to be thought to swear, for otherwise they could not vote: But by this hypocritical Jumble of Swearing and Not swearing, they doubly forswear themselves, and are of all Miscreants the vilest. I hope there will be found no such Popish Protestants, or Protestant Papists among the good People of England.

What has been said of the Voters may be applied to the Returning-Officer; and something more: Because more depends upon His Behaviour, than upon any other single Person's. And to make the Oath (if That can be) more solemn, He subscribes it, as well as takes it. Can He then swear that He has not received any Gift, Place, Gratuity, or Promise whatsoever, for making his Return, when he knows he has? That is the Assertory Part of his Oath; the Other is Promissory. He swears that he will return such Person, or Persons, as shall, to the best of his Judgment, appear to Him to have the Majority of legal Votes. Well then: Does he keep This Oath; does he not most scandalously and impiously forswear himself: if he returns One, who, He knows, or even believes, has not a Majority of legal Votes? And

And this too, tho' he has received *no Gift*, *Gratuity*, or *Promise*; but is only *byassed*, and *prejudiced* by *Partiality* to his *Party*; or *any Way* influenced by the *Candidate*, or by any *Lord*, *Spiritual*, or *Temporal*; who cannot, without a high *Breach* of the *Privileges* of the *Commons* of *England*, at all intermeddle in *These Elections*?

But to consider the *Voters*, and the *Returning-Officer*, in *Conjunction*, and as equally concerned. Some *Perjuries* may seem at least to be *softened* by *Circumstances*; as that the *Matter* may be *difficult*, *doubtful*, and *obscure*; the *Facts* at a *Distance*, done long since, &c. and yet the *Person* may be sufficiently forsworn. But to take a *false Oath* about the *plainest Fact*; to swear that I have *not* done what I *JUST NOW* have done; or that I *will not* do what I am resolved, and *JUST NOW* going to do; when I know that the *Oath* I am taking was MADE ON PURPOSE TO PREVENT *That very Thing* which I have *JUST NOW* done, or am *JUST NOW* going to do; to come in *cold Blood*, and with *deliberate Thought*, to give my *Voice* for such or such a *Man*, when I *know* I cannot give it without being *PERJURED* in the most detestable *Manner*——What *Heart* is *hard* enough to endure the *Thoughts* of *This* before *God*? What *Forehead* so *steeled*, or *brazened* with *Impudence*, as to look any *Man*
in

in the Face, while he is doing it, or after he has done it; tho' he is sensible that No one can be conscious of it, but God, his Briber, and Himself?

Bribery, in *itself*, or in *its own Nature*, is one of the *foulest* and *basest Crimes* that can be committed; as well as the most *pernicious* in its *Consequences* to any Kingdom, or Common-wealth. Nothing can be more *infamous* than He that takes a Bribe; unless it be He that gives one. No Man of *Honour*, or even of *common Honesty*, can be capable of *either*. However slightly it may be thought of by Some who *call themselves Christians*, and by Others, who, though *christened*, glory in *not being Christians*; it was ever held in the utmost Abhorrence by the *ancient moral Heathen*. And if the very *Pagan Moralists* condemned it; we may be sure, the holy Scriptures do. 'The Prophet *Isaiab* (says the excellent Bp. *Sanderson* *) speaking of an *upright just Man*, describeth him among other Things, 'by this, that *he shaketh his Hands from holding Bribes*: *Isaiab xxxiii. 15*. As a Man would shake off a *Viper*, or other venemous Beast, that should offer to fasten upon his Hand; as *St. Paul* did 'at *Malta*.' The Expression is beautiful and elegant; and any serious Considerer must be deeply affected by it. This Practice

* Sermons p. 647, 648.

is likewise forbidden: *Exod. xxiii. 8.*
Dent. xvi. 19. And the Reason given is,
 that it *blinds the Eyes*; i. e. corrupts and
 darkens the Understanding, or Judgment.
 That by a *Gift* (as it is rendered in our
English Translation) is meant a *Bribe*, in
 both those Places, according to the same
 Translation, appears from That parallel
 one: *1 Sam. xii. 3.* *Of whose Hands have*
I received a Bribe to blind mine Eyes
therewith? And it is taxed by the Prophet
Amos, as a Sin of a very high Nature, a
mighty Sin; *Chap. v. 12.* *I know your mani-*
fold Transgressions, and your mighty Sins;
They afflict the Just, They take a Bribe, &c.

You will say, it may be, that all This
 relates only to *Judges*, and Persons concerned
 in Courts of *Judicature*: But if you do,
 you deceive yourselves. The Texts cited
 from the *two Prophets* speak of *Bribery*
 indefinitely, and in general Terms. And
 tho' in *Exodus* and *Deuteronomy* Judges
 only are mentioned; yet Others are not
 therefore excluded. And if the Reason
 of the Prohibition holds with respect to
 Others, They must needs be affected
 by it. Now I ask you, does not a Bribe
blind your Eyes in voting for Parliament
 Men, as much as it does a Judge's upon the
 Bench, or a Juryman's at the Bar? I appeal
 to your own Consciences. When You vote
 for

for a Man who has bribed you, do you not vote for him because he has bribed you? Though You do, and must know, if You have but the Gift of Common Sense, that he is *not fit* to be a *Member of Parliament* for *That very Reason*. And is not This having your *Eyes blinded*? Do You not, for the Sake of the Bribe, *wilfully shut them*; and labour *not* to see What you really *do see*? Did You never hear of That well known Saying, ‘ Those who *buy* their ‘ *Seats* in the House of Commons, must ‘ *sell* their *Votes* There? ’ Or whether You have Before heard of it, or no; do you not Now from your Hearts believe it to be *True*? Does not He, who in Parliament votes by the Influence of *Money*, betray *His* Trust? And therefore do not You, who by the Influence of *Money* send him Thither, betray *Yours*? And is there *no Sin* in all This? Is it not the *Height of Wickedness*? He that *bribes* will *Himself be bribed*; Nay he bribes *in order* to be bribed: And so all runs round in a Circle of *Bribing*, and *Being bribed*; Still this *Iniquity* is, in Effect, *established by a Law*, and the *Destruction* of the Nation compleated.

The Words *Bribery*, and *Corruption* are, both in antient, and modern, Languages, coupled together, or signify the same. Our wise Legislature speaks That Language in

the *very Act* which is the Subject of my present Address to you. And why? Because *Bribery corrupts and debauches* Those, both *Givers*, and *Receivers*, who are concerned in it ; and is, in a Manner, *all Vice*, and *Villany* in little. I once more appeal to Yourself, Whether you do not think, that the prodigious Extravagance and Luxury, Debauchery and Profaneness, Falshood and Fraud, and the almost Extinction of Morality, and Modesty among us, be owing to any Thing so much, as to This single *Corruption of Bribery*? If That can be called a single one, which includes almost all others.

Thus for *Bribery* as it is in *itself*, and in its *immediate, unavoidable Consequences*. But what shall we say of it; when it is *backed and seconded by Perjury*? Good God! What shall we say of it indeed? For my own Part, I want Words to express my Thoughts upon so *direful*, and *tremendous* a Subject. An *Oath* was ever, in all Ages, in all Nations, Heathen, as well as Jewish, and Christian, deemed a *Religious Act*; even one of the *highest, most solemn, and sacred* Parts of *Religion*. *Thou shalt fear the Lord thy God, and serve him, and shalt SWEAR BY HIS NAME*; says God himself by his great Prophet *Moses*, Deut. vi. 13. x. 20. To which You would do well to add another Text in
the

the same Book; Chap. xxviii. Ver. 58. *That thou mayest fear this glorious and fearful Name, THE LORD, THY GOD; consequently not take that fearful Name in vain, in the worst Sense, by perjuring, or forswearing yourselves. You see the Fear, and Service of God, which includes all Religion, is joined with Swearing by Him. And the most learned and judicious Bp. Sanderson, before cited, gives This as the very Definition of an Oath; That it is * ' a Religious Act, ' by which God is invoked as a Witness to ' confirm a doubtful Matter.' In the Case now before us, the doubtful Matter is, Whether the Man has taken Money for his Vote, or no. To reduce This Doubt to Certainty, he swears he has Not; that is, he calls God, the Searcher of Hearts, to witness that he has Not. If, notwithstanding This, he has taken Money for his Vote, he makes That as certain as it can be, with Relation to other Men, which indeed is so far from being certain, that it is utterly false. Thus he deceives Men, and mocks God; in the highest Degree profanes the Name of God; as much as in him lies, eludes and defeats the whole Design of an Oath; and commits one of the most heinous Sins that can be conceived or imagined. If an Oath*

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will

* Juramentum est Actus religiosus, quo ad confirmandam rem dubiam Deus testis invocatur. De Juramenti Obligatione, Prælect. i. p. 3.

will not bind us, *Nothing* will: The Bands of human Society, and the most sacred Ties between God and Man, are dissolved.

Among Christians there is, indeed, *one*, and but one, *Act of Religion*, which may be thought more solemn and sacred than an Oath: I say, may be thought; for I question whether it be, or no. However, the very Word *Sacrament*, in the Language from which we took it, signifies an Oath: Which may teach us what a Notion the Christian World has, and ever had, of the *Religion of an Oath*. Should a Man, after having sealed his Eye with *Perjury*, seal his *Perjury*, by taking the *Sacrament* upon it; he would only increase his Guilt, not make it: For the *Perjury itself* is the *Ruin of his Soul*; and That surely is more than sufficient.

But, as *Infidelity* abounds among us; You will be told by some Men, that I have been all this while proceeding upon a wrong Principle; meaning, upon *Supposition*. That there is a God: That the *Christian Religion* is true; and that there are such Things as the *Divine Vengeance*, and *Future Punishment*. I have, indeed, argued upon That *Supposition*, but not upon a false Principle; for the *Supposition* is most infallibly true. You do not, I hope, expect, that I should, in a short Letter,

Letter, written upon a *particular Occasion*, prove to you *Those general Points*, the *Being of God*, and the *Truth of Christianity*. That has been done a thousand times over; and of late, in many unanswerable Treaties, to which I refer you: In which it is demonstrated, not only that the Facts urg'd as Proofs of Christianity are *true*, but that 'tis *impossible they should be false*: And the wretched Cavils of our modern Infidels are expos'd to the Scorn and Contempt of all rational Creatures. I will only, in a Word or two, suggest a few Things to your Thoughts. If we cannot be assured of *These Facts*, we can be assured of *None* which we did not see; a Paradox so prodigious, that no body in his Wits will affirm it. Nay, if *These Facts were false*, 'tis impossible for any body at this time of Day to *prove* them so. I might well take it higher; and ask what Madness is it to think of proving *plain Matters of Fact* to be *false*, which *all Mankind*, Enemies as well as Friends, have, for 1700 Years, allow'd to be *true*? Then again, which is nearly a-kin to the former Observation, these Men will perhaps tell you, that there is *no future State after Death*: But can they *prove* it? No; 'tis impossible they should, even if there were none. Ours therefore is the *safer Side*, to put it at the lowest:

lowest: And I think I have put it *very low*; since it has been over and over *proved to a Demonstration*, that there is such a State.

Consider, I beseech you, what an Opinion You ought to have of Those Men, who, in order to destroy your *Liberties* and *Properties*, take *so much Pains* to destroy your *Souls*. I mean, *if there are* such Men: And whether there are, or no, let the Nation judge.

Sure I am, because it is visible in Books printed, and carefully dispersed, there is much wicked Industry used, to set People loose from all Regards to *God* and *Religion*, to *common Honesty*, and *common Shame*. Whether Those Principles are not encouraged by the *very same Men*, who labour to *corrupt you* with *Bribery* and *Perjury*; and whether the *One* be not *in order* to the *Other*, I leave you, and every body else, to consider. In Fact, the *Impudence* of *Vice* and *Corruption* is over-beating, and uncontrouled: And what will be the *End* of These Things *God* only *knows*; tho' a *Man* of no great *Sagacity* may easily *conjecture*.

Those who would *corrupt* You, will, it may be, *Sneer* at all This; and tell you You are Fools if you believe one Word of it. But is there any *Argument* in a *Giggle*,
or

or a *Grin*? It is possible they may *laugh* You out of your *Religion*; but they can't *laugh you out of Hell*, when they have *brought you Thither*.

Will they be able to *laugh* you into *Peace*, and *Quiet of Mind*; when You come to lie upon your *Death-beds*? Will they *then* be able to *BRIBE* That *Witness* and *Judge* in Your *own Breasts*, your *Conscience*? When *Death*, with its ghastly Visage, stares You in the Face; and *Hell* opens its Jaws to receive you?

O, but You will *repent*, before you come to *die*. Are you sure of *That*? May you not die within a Year, a Month, a Week, a Day, after You have been guilty of the Bribery, and Perjury? Or, if You should live never so long after it; do you consider what it *is* to Repent? 'Tis not merely being sorry for it, confessing, begging Pardon, and repeating the Name of *Jesus Christ*, that will do the Business. Without *God's Grace* there is no *true* Repentance. And how can You expect *That*; when You *Sinned* upon *Presumption* that You should *have* That Grace; sinned with a *presumptuous Design* of *Repenting*; which is the *highest*, and most *provoking Aggravation* of Guilt that can well be imagined? Besides; it is agreed among Divines, and Moralists (and your own Reason will tell you the same) that with re-
ference

ference to Acts of Injustice, there can be *no* Repentance without *Restitution*, if it be in the Man's Power to make it: If not, there can be no *such* Repentance as he can be assured is *true*; and will be *accepted*. And what Restitution, what Satisfaction, or Reparation, can you make to your injured Country, for the Mischief you have done it; after you have spent the Bribe in Riot and Vice; or even in the necessary Provision for Yourself and Families?

This Last puts me in mind of a Thought with which many of You may be apt to flatter yourselves. What's *the Publick* to Me? says a *poor* Voter, especially in the *little Burroughs*; I must look to *Myself* in the first Place: Let Those that are *rich* take Care of the *Nation*: I want to *maintain* Myself and Family. Here I shall have 10, 20, 50, perhaps 100 *l.* for my Vote; when I am not worth 100 Shillings in the World. Tho' all This Reasoning is quite wrong; and every Man, even the meanest, ought not, for his own private Advantage, to injure the Publick; yet waving That, and considering the Bribery and Perjury only, will you then be *damned* for this *hundred Pounds*, or whatever the *sum* be, tho' you never so much *want* it for Yourself, and Family? Suppose there were no Danger of Death in it, would You *steal* a hundred Pounds? Would You
break

break open a House, or rob upon the Highway for it? Why, Bribery is as bad as most Sorts of Robbery, and Perjury worse than any. I mean This Bribery, and This Perjury at least. Nay This Bribery is itself one Sort of Robbery. The Publick is robbed by it: For the Publick must pay it at last.

Those who in the main are convinced by what I have said (as Every body must be who has not lost his Reason) and yet have a mighty mind to be fingering the Money offered at the approaching Elections, can have no Resource, but to flatter, and deceive themselves by *Shifts*, and *Evasions*; and endeavour to persuade their poor Souls that they are *not* bribed, and consequently *not* forsworn, when they really *are*. One says, He has a Place, Office, or Employment *already*: And tho' he is threatened to be turned out of it, if he does not vote as he is directed; yet he *takes* nothing, but only *keeps* what he had Before. But is not This gross Prevarication? What is Keeping a Place, but the *Continuation* of Taking it? And is he not as much influenced in his Vote by keeping an old Place, as by taking a new one? If he expects to escape the Punishment due to the Crimes of which I am speaking; he must throw up his Place, rather than keep it upon such a Condition. This, He
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will say, is very hard ; It will ruin Him, and his Family. It is very hard, I confess ; And let Those answer for it, who put That Hardship upon him. However ; the Loss of his *Soul* is much worse than the Loss of his *Livelihood*.

'Tis not for *Myself*, says Another ; 'Tis for my Father, my Son, my Brother, my Cousin — He has, or is to have, the Place, or the Office, or the Pension, not I. But if You vote upon such a Consideration for *Another* ; is not That doing it *indirectly* for *Yourself* ? A Man cannot do a Thing for Another, without doing it, tho' not immediately, yet mediately and indirectly, for Himself ; For all resolves into *Himself*, in the last Resort. In This Case he is plainly *byassed, prejudiced, prevailed with*, by a *Gift*, in disposing of his *Vote* ; and by *personal Motives* manifestly *contrary* to the *Design, and Intention* of the *Oath*.

A Third says, He has *received no* Reward, or Gift for his *Vote* ; and *intends* to receive none. His Landlord, 'tis true, has given him strong Hints that he will abate of his Rent, or favour him in his next Lease : But This is not Bribery. I ask You ; Do you not *vote* upon such *Hopes* ? Upon such a *Prospect* ? If You do ; is not This *indirect Bribery* ? And if it be, is not Your taking the

the Oath *direct Perjury*? For is not the Word *indirectly*, as well as *directly*, in the Oath?

Such a Gentleman, says Another, sent me indeed a very *handsome Present*; but I did not *promise* to poll for him upon *That Account*; Nay, He himself did not say a Word about it. 'Tis true, I intend to give him my Vote; But 'tis not upon the Score of *That Present*; but because he is an honest Gentleman. And is he ever the less honest to his Country, for being kind to Me? I would have served him at his Election; whether he had sent me that Present, or no. And how then am I bribed? To all This I answer; 'Tis Nothing but the Sophistry of the Devil, and of your own deceitful Heart: Or, if you please, your own laboured *Self-delusion*. Examine your own Conscience *thoroughly*; and I desire no better Evidence. Tho' He *said* nothing to you about *Voting*; Do You *think* He would have sent You *That Present*, if You *had not had a Vote* at his Election? Do you not *know* he would *Not*? Is not This therefore *indirect Bribery*? And does not your Conscience tell You that for *That very Reason* You ought *not* to vote for him? The execrable Practise of *Bribing*, and *being bribed*, under Pretence of *laying Wagers*; giving and receiving 100*l.* for a Horse

Horse that is not worth 5*l.* 150*l.* for a *Cow*, and *Calf*, &c. and then taking the Oath, is such *impious*, and *profane Mockery*, as is enough to draw down the immediate Vengeance of Heaven. 'Tis *making a Jest of Hell-Fire*, and *playing with Damnation*.

Other Cases of This Nature, that is of *indirect Bribery*, might be mentioned: But These which I have named are sufficient to give You a clear Notion of them all. The infamous and knavish Practice of *splitting Freeholds*, and other Tenures, is a Matter of somewhat different Consideration; and so I pass it over. I will only add that These *Shifts*, *Shuffles*, and *Evasions*, are in one Respect worse than the *grossest, downright Bribery* and *Perjury*; (I say in *one Respect*, for *upon the Whole* scarce any thing can be worse) inasmuch as they are so many *Hypocritical Prevarications with God*, and one's *own Conscience*; which are high Aggravations of Guilt. In short; if You vote upon *any View of private Gain* to Yourself, or your Relations, for a Man whom You otherwise would not vote for; It is *in effect* a Bribe. You ought, in truth, to vote upon no View, but That of chusing Persons, who, You think in your own Conscience, will best serve their Country. And who, do
You

You think, is most likely to do That? A Gentleman in Your Neighbourhood, with Whom You are acquainted, and know to be a Person of Virtue and Honour, and who would no more offer You a Bribe, than You ought to take one? Or a Man, who is sent down to You from *London*, with a Bag of Money, or Bank-Notes, to bribe your whole Burrough; Whose Face you never saw, and whose Name You never heard of? Or, if You please, One of whom You either know *nothing*, or of whom you know *no Good*, but rather the Contrary?

The Words *well-affected* and *disaffected* to *His Majesty*, and *his Government*, will, I suppose, according to Custom, be founded in your Ears; as some Men's Turn is best served by either of them. I hope None will be chosen, but such as are well-affected, to his Majesty, and his Government; meaning by the latter his Right and Title to the Crown: For I will never own that his Court, or his Ministry, or their Conduct and Management, is his Government. But then remember, that his best Friends are often represented as his Enemies; and so on the Contrary. However That be; pray consider that you are to chuse *Representatives* not of the *King*, nor of the *Court*, or *Ministry*, nor of the *Lords*; but of the *People*; that is of *Your-selves*.

selves. The House of Commons is by its Institution the Barrier of our Liberties against the Lords, and the Crown itself; should Either of them encroach upon those Liberties.

While I write this last, I do not forget my main Design; which is not so much the Care of your *Temporal* Interests, as of your *Eternal*. For Your *Souls* are deeply concerned in what I have now said: Because the *ultimate Design* of the Oath You are to take is to secure the *Rights and Liberties* of the *Commons* of *England*. One of the great Securities of Those their Rights and Liberties (nay the chief of all) is, That the Choice of Representatives to serve them in Parliament is vested solely in *Themselves*. But it is no otherwise in *Themselves*, than merely *in Name*; if they chuse their Representatives by the Operation of *Bribes*. For the *Choice* is, in truth, made by Those who *give* the Bribes, not Those who *take* them. If ever *That Influence thoroughly prevails* in these Elections; Farewell to the Liberties of *Great-Britain*. Those who should be the Guardians of our Liberties in bar to the Court, are then prepared to be the Tools and Creatures of it: A *British Senate* is just like a *Ro-*

a *Roman* Senate, as it was under the *Empe-
rors*: We then groan under the worst of
Slavery, *Legal, Parliamentary, Constitution-
al* Slavery; Which, tho' the *forest of E-
vils* that can be felt in *This World*, is,
however, Nothing in Comparison of *Dam-
nation* in the *World to come*.

F I N I S.



(31)
a Roman Senate, as it was under the Empe-
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F I N I S .

